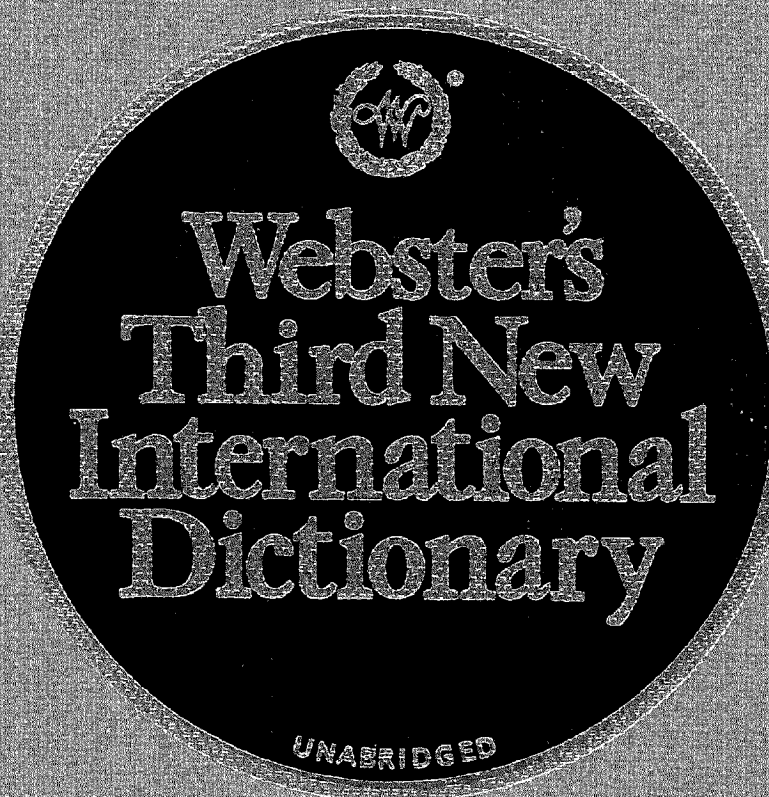


EXHIBIT #16

**Group 2 – Google’s Responsive Claim Construction Brief
(Civil Case Nos. 6:20-cv-00574-ADA, 6:20-cv-00576-ADA, 6:20-cv-00579-ADA, and 6:20-cv-00580-ADA)**



Webster's Third New International Dictionary OF THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE UNABRIDGED

© Merriam-Webster

REG. U. S. PAT. OFF.

*Utilizing all the experience and resources of more than
one hundred years of Merriam-Webster® dictionaries*

EDITOR IN CHIEF

PHILIP BABCOCK GOVE, Ph.D.

AND

THE MERRIAM-WEBSTER

EDITORIAL STAFF



Full-Page Illustrations

MERRIAM-WEBSTER INC., Publishers

SPRINGFIELD, MASSACHUSETTS, U.S.A.



A GENUINE MERRIAM-WEBSTER

The name *Webster* alone is no guarantee of excellence. It is used by a number of publishers and may serve mainly to mislead an unwary buyer.

Merriam-Webster™ is the name you should look for when you consider the purchase of dictionaries or other fine reference books. It carries the reputation of a company that has been publishing since 1831 and is your assurance of quality and authority.

COPYRIGHT © 2002 BY MERRIAM-WEBSTER, INCORPORATED

PHILIPPINES COPYRIGHT 2002 BY MERRIAM-WEBSTER, INCORPORATED

WEBSTER'S THIRD NEW INTERNATIONAL DICTIONARY
PRINCIPAL COPYRIGHT 1961

Library of Congress Cataloging in Publication Data
Main entry under title:

Webster's third new international dictionary of the English language,
unabridged: a Merriam-Webster/editor in chief, Philip Babcock Gove
and the Merriam-Webster editorial staff.

p. cm.
ISBN 0-87779-201-1 (blue sturdite).—ISBN 0-87779-202-X
(carrying case).—ISBN 0-87779-206-2 (imperial buckram).

I. English language—Dictionaries. I. Gove, Philip Babcock,
1902–1972. II. Merriam-Webster, Inc.
PE1625.W36
423–dc20

All rights reserved. No part of this book covered by the copyrights hereon may be reproduced or copied in any form or by any means—graphic, electronic, or mechanical, including photocopying, taping, or information storage and retrieval systems—without written permission of the publisher.

MADE IN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

535455QKY0504

Preface
Editorial Staff
Outside Consultants
Explanatory Chart
Explanatory Notes
Divisions in Boldface Entry Words
Spelling
Plurals
Capitalization
Italicization

A Dict

cgs electromagnetic units (*ab-*)
Afro-Asiatic languages
alphabet table
anthracite coal sizes
architecture
common *area* formulas
Beaufort scale
ship's *bells*
book sizes
Braille alphabet
constellations
chief *crusades*
principal ocean *currents*, drifts, streams
executive U.S. *departments*
dye tables I and II
Easter dates
chemical *elements*
four syllogistic *figures*
principal railroad gages (*gauge*)
common shotgun *gauges*
geologic time and formations
gestation periods
glacial epochs
incubation periods
Indo-European languages
measures and weights
Color:
Two plates in color *bet*
Constellations and Stars—Northern Hemi
Constellations and Stars—Southern Hemi

'duo' = DUSAM
 'duo(y)uā, ad. fr. *duo* = FIRST : having many dunes
 'du(y)uā, *o-s*, n. pl. *du-ōs* \u02c8du, \u02c8dʒ/ [It, fr. *L* duo two + more
 10] 1 : DUET; also : the participants in a duet 2 : a group
 10 : PAIR
 comb form [*L* duo + more at TWO] : two (duoscent)
 machy)
 10r duodecimo
 duodecennial 'du(y)U, \u02c8dʒ + adj [*L* duodecennium period
 12 years (fr. *L* duodecim twelve + fr. duo two + -decim,
 10, TEN, ANNUAL) : occurring once in 12 years
 fecillion ' + \u02c8l, n. often attrib [*L* duodecim twelve +
 10, TEN, ANNUAL (as in *millions*) : the sum of twelve
 'dec-i-mal 'du, \u02c8des-mal, -i-ŋ, -adj [*L* duodecim twelve +
 -al] : of or relating to twelve or twelfths : preceding
 mputation by twelves : expressed in the scale of twelves
 'o-dec-i-mal-i-ty 'du, \u02c8des-mal-i-ŋ, n. -es -du-o-dec-i-
 10r 'des-mal-i-ty
 'decim-al 'n-s : a twelfth part
 'du-o-dec-i-mo 'des-mo, \u02c8m -s [*L* abl. of *duodecim* his,
 fr. *duodecim* twelve] 1 : TWELFME - symbol D; see
 tables 2 [modif. of *Iduodecima*, fr. fem. of *duodecimo*
 h, fr. *L* duodecimius, fr. *duodecim* twelve] : the musical
 n. of a twelfth
 'du-o-dec-i-mole 'des-mō, \u02c8m -s [It, fr. *duodecimo*] : DODEC-
 10r
 'duo(y)uā, -i-ŋ + n [*duo* + + decy] : DODECYL
 n- or duodeno- comb form [*N*L, fr. *ML* duodecim]
 lodenum ('duodenitis) ('duodenogram) 2 : duodenal and
 enojenujal
 'duo(y)uā, \u02c8dʒ + adj [*L* duodecim twelve +
 10, fr. *ML* duodeenum + *L* -alis -al] : of or relating to the
 nupm

passed through the esophagus and stomach into the duodenum
duodenal ulcer *n* a peptic ulcer situated in the duodenum
duodeno- \-dʊəˈnɒ-/ *adj* [L *duodeni*] **duodenal**
duodenum \-dʊəˈdɛnm-/ *n* [*fr.* *duodecim* twelve] + *-arius -ary* –
 at DUODECENNIAL | 1 : containing 12 (as ~ cycle of
 years) 2 : based on the number 12 (as ~ system of computa-
 tion)
duo- \-dʊə-/ *adj* [Gk *dūō* = two] **duo-** \-dʊə-/ *adj* [NL
duo, *duo-* + *-ilis*] inflammation of the duodenum
duo-o-de-nim \-dʊəˈoʊdəˌnɪm-, dʊəˈoʊld̩n̩-/ *pl.* **duo-** *pl.* **duo-**
-ana, -na or **duodenums** \-dənəm-, -namz/ [ME fr. ML
fr. L *duodeni* twelve each; *fr.* its length, about 12 fingers
 breadth]; the first, shortest, and widest part of the small
 intestine, beginning at the pylorus and extending
 from the pylorus to the undersurface of the liver where it
 descends for a variable distance and receives the bile and
 pancreatic ducts and then bends to the left and finally up-
 wards to join the jejunum near the second lumbar vertebra
DUP \-dʊp-/ *adj* [DUP + *-ation*] **duplication** illustration
dup \-dʊp-/ *v* [*fr.* *duplo* = double] **dup** \-dʊp-/ *v* [*fr.* *duplo* =
 two performers in which the dialogue is spoken with an
 instrumental accompaniment]
duo-graph \-dʊəˈɡrɑf-, -gráf/ *n* [*duo* + *-graph*] DUOTON
duo-logue \-dʊəˈlɔg əˌlɔg əˌlɔg/ *n* [*duo* + *-logue*] 1 : dialogue
 between two persons 2 : a dramatic or musical piece for two
 participants
duo-mo \-dwɔ(ː)mɔ-/ *n* [It – more at DOME] CATHEDRAL
duo-pianist \-dʊəˈpiənɪst/ *n* [*duo*] one of two pianists that
 play duets each at a separate piano
duo-op-ly \-dʊəˈɒpsli/ *n* -es [*duo* + *monopoly*] a market
 controlled by two persons who are competing sellers hold the controlling
 power of determining the amount and price of a product or
 service offered to a large number of buyers – compare DUO-
 POLYSONY, MONOPOLY, OLIGOPOLY
duo-op-so-ny \-spɒni/ *n* -es [*duo* + Gk *opsōnta* purchase of
 victuals, catering, *fr.* *opsōnēte* to purchase victuals, *fr.* *opsōnein*
 to buy food] a situation in which two rival buyers hold the controlling
 power of determining the demand for a product or service from a large number of
 sellers – compare MONOPOLY, OLIGOPOLY
duos pl of duo \-dʊə-/ *adj* [Gk *dūō* = two] **duos** \-dʊə-/ *adj* [*fr.*
 of tone] having or yielding two tones or colors
duotone \-tʊn-/ *n* -s : a process for making prints typically in
 two shades of the same color or in black and one tint by the
 use of two halftone plates made with the screen set at two
 different angles (< ~ plates) (< ~ illustrations); also : a print
 so made
duo-type \-tɪp/ *n* [*duo* + *type*] a process for making
 prints in two colors by the use of two halftone plates made
 from the same negative but etched differently; also : a print
 so made by this process
dup \-dʊp-/ *v* [*cont.* of *do*] **now dial Brit** : OPEN
dupable \-dʊpəbəl/ *adj* that can be duped
dup \-dʊp/ *v* -s [Fr. MF *duppe*, prob. fr. a dial word
 meaning “hoopoe”, alter. (resulting fr. false word division
 of *de huppe*) of *huppe* hoopoe – more at HOPOPEE] 1 : one
 that is easily deceived (as by flattering promises) because of
 being glib and trusting too readily 2 : one who is easily deceived
 esp. of a powerful person or idea : SLAVE (he that hates truth
 shall be the ~ of lies —William Cowper) (With the same
 mental rigidity that makes him a ~ to communism —Bradford
 Smith)
dup \-dʊp-/ *v* -ED/-ING/-S [F *dupier*, *fr.* *duplex*] : to make a duplicate
 or mislead or trick by imposing on one's credulity & DECEIVE
dup \-dʊp-/ *v* [*fr.* *duplo* = double] **dup** \-dʊp-/ *v* [*fr.* *duplo* =
 fool (refuses to be duped by his foiled lover's frenzies —Karl
 Polanyi)]
SYN DUPE, GULL, BEFOOL, TRICK, HOAX, HOOEWINK, and
 BAMBOOZZLE mean, in common, to delude by underhanded or
 dishonest means esp. for one's own ends. DUPE stresses the
 unweariness of the one deluded and his unsuspecting acceptance
 of the false as true, the worthless as genuine, and so on men
 in high positions are as gullible and as easily duped as
 the rest of us —New Statesman & Nation (hunters bent on
 duping a wild turkey gobbler —Allen Rankin) GULL implies
 the victim's stupidity and lack of suspicion and generally refers
 to a single act of deception. HOAX stresses the call, he was
 made a laughingstock of (“good people” the call them, they
 were taken in —Norman Douglas) (Barnum knew the American
 public loved to be gulled. It was a shame not to take their
 money. His genius consisted in knowing how to swindle them
 without arousing their suspicions.) —Walter Moberly (The
 fact or guile by pretense —F.L.Paxson) BEFOOL usu.
 stresses no weakness in the victim nor does it suggest very
 strongly an intent to delude on the part of the agent, stressing
 rather the victim's being made foolish (innocent philosophic
 critics too easily befooled by words —Havelock Ellis) (a
 man whose low level of intelligence would be benefited by
 royalties —John Bright 1889) (pictures supplant one another
 so swiftly as to befoul the eye with the illusion of continuity
 —S.H.Adams) TRICK stresses an intent to delude or deceive,
 a strategy, ruse, wiles, or fraud, not necessarily implying
 a base end, suggesting strongly the use of craft or cunning
 (the old man had been tricked) (He was in the wrong
 verdict —W.J.Reilly) (his accidental abandonment which
 never forgot, but which his recollection tricked him into
 placing at the earlier date of 1839, as if to heighten the pathos
 —Dixon Wecter) (never recommended it to my students be-
 cause I knew they would suspect me of trying to trick them
 into believing in the law of conservation of energy) (The sense imply-
 ing of trickery for fun or as a demonstration of one's
 ease's gullibility; in any other it suggests a fraud, often on a
 large scale, intended to deceive even the most skeptical, usu.
 on one's own advantage (he was flayed with impish faults
 the hoaxed poor Ruffinesque into solemn belief in the red-
 headed wonder —J.C.Peahtie) (she wanted to get her
 to accept drawings of imaginary fishes and publish them
 few species —D.C.Peahtie) (a get-rich-quick scheme intended
 to confound of another so as to blind him to the truth, and often a
 self-delusion arising from an inability to distinguish false from
 true —Lucius Garvin) (since she'd hoodwinked her
 uncle, she thought she could pull the wool over my eyes, too
 —Kenneth Roberts) (hoodwinked by a simple political trick)
 BAMBOOZZLE usu. implies the use of out-and-out humbug or
 confusion or a transparent calvary, though it may often be
 used figuratively (I was bamboozled by the speaker, who was gen-
 erally well fixed in his implications) (circus people seldom
 do all sorts of tricks to bamboozle the world —Edward
 Sorens) (is it not a technique for persuading people that they
 themselves have chosen what has been dexterously palmed
 off on them? And that is to add insult to injury; you not only
 are deceived but you are deceived by the deceiver —Walter Moberly)
DUPE \-dʊp/ *n* or *vb* [by shortening] : DUPLICATION
dupery \-dʊpəri/ *n* -es [F *duperie*, *fr.* *dupre* + *-erie -ery*] 1 : the
 art or practice of duping : DECEPTION (when Maximilian's ~
 could no longer be hidden —Francis Hackett) 2 : the con-
 ception of being duped (the ~ and weakness of the sufferers
 in the case)
dupion or dupion var of DOUCTION
dupla-tion \-dʊpləˈtiən/ *n* -s [LL *duplatio*, *duplatio* act
 of doubling, *fr.* *duplatus* (past part. of *duplare* to double, *fr.*
duplus double) + *-tion*, *-tio* -ion] : multiplication by repeated
 doubling (as done formerly in Egypt)
dupla-tional \-dʊpləˈtɪənəl/ *adj* more at DUPLE 1a : con-
 sisting of two parts or members joined together by two
 groups of two 2a music : having two or a multiple of two
 beats per measure (~ rhythm) b of meter : consisting of feet
 of two syllables c of time : consisting of cadences that
 repeat and fall within a span of two syllables
duplet \-dʊplet/ *n* -s [duple + *-et*] 2a two musical notes played
 simultaneously (two eighth notes)

duplex *n* : a) a consisting of two or more plies (2) : having two surfaces that differ in color, texture, or finish (3) : having a cable : having an insulated conductor (4) : having a distinguishing feature by two different conductors (5) : a cable chiefly of autotetraploids; compare **simplex** 3 b) : allowing two communication in opposite directions simultaneously (cable system) (~ telephony) — distinguished from **duplex** *adj*
duplex *adj* *n* - *s* : **duplex** (sometimes duplex; as a 1) **DUPLEX** *APARTMENT* (2) **DUPLEX** *HOUSE* (3) **DUPLEX** *IRON* (4) **DUPLEX** *TELEPHONE* (5) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (6) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (7) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (8) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (9) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (10) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (11) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (12) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (13) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (14) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (15) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (16) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (17) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (18) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (19) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (20) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (21) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (22) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (23) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (24) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (25) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (26) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (27) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (28) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (29) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (30) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (31) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (32) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (33) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (34) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (35) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (36) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (37) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (38) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (39) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (40) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (41) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (42) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (43) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (44) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (45) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (46) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (47) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (48) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (49) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (50) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (51) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (52) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (53) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (54) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (55) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (56) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (57) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (58) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (59) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (60) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (61) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (62) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (63) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (64) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (65) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (66) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (67) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (68) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (69) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (70) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (71) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (72) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (73) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (74) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (75) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (76) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (77) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (78) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (79) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (80) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (81) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (82) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (83) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (84) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (85) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (86) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (87) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (88) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (89) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (90) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (91) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (92) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (93) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (94) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (95) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (96) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (97) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (98) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (99) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (100) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (101) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (102) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (103) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (104) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (105) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (106) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (107) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (108) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (109) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (110) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (111) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (112) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (113) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (114) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (115) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (116) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (117) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (118) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (119) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (120) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (121) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (122) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (123) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (124) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (125) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (126) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (127) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (128) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (129) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (130) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (131) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (132) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (133) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (134) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (135) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (136) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (137) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (138) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (139) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (140) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (141) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (142) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (143) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (144) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (145) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (146) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (147) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (148) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (149) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (150) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (151) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (152) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (153) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (154) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (155) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (156) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (157) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (158) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (159) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (160) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (161) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (162) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (163) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (164) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (165) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (166) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (167) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (168) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (169) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (170) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (171) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (172) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (173) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (174) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (175) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (176) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (177) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (178) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (179) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (180) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (181) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (182) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (183) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (184) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (185) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (186) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (187) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (188) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (189) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (190) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (191) **DUPLEX** *WALL* (192) **DUPLEX** *WALL</*

DA Document 3946

DOUBLE-DEALING \dʊˈpleɪŋ/ *n* -ES [Brought out for him the Mary Austin] 2 : the (these double) spectral lines that must be — *New Internat'l Encyc.* distinct allegations or accusations double b : the union indictment syn see DECEIT

duplicit^y theory or duplicity theory or duplicity *n* -ES [Brought out for him the Mary Austin] 2 : the (these double) spectral lines that must be — *New Internat'l Encyc.* distinct allegations or accusations double b : the union indictment syn see DECEIT

physiology: the normal eye contains a dual receptor of achromatic low-intensity and high-intensity vision SCOTOTIA

du-*ply* \dʊˈpli/ *n* -ES [Brought out for him the Mary Austin] 2 : the (these double) spectral lines that must be — *New Internat'l Encyc.* distinct allegations or accusations double b : the union indictment syn see DECEIT

a plaintiff's reply in Scots

du-*pon*-di-*us* \dʊˈpɒndi/ *n* -ES [Brought out for him the Mary Austin] 2 : the (these double) spectral lines that must be — *New Internat'l Encyc.* distinct allegations or accusations double b : the union indictment syn see DECEIT

two two + *-pon*dius (fr. *po* : an ancient Roman bronze worth two asses

dupper *var* of DUNGER

du-*py* \dʊˈpi/ *n* -ES [Brought out for him the Mary Austin] 2 : the (these double) spectral lines that must be — *New Internat'l Encyc.* distinct allegations or accusations double b : the union indictment syn see DECEIT

of the dead conceived in form, malevolent shadow of

du-*puy*-*tren*'s contracture *n*, *usu* cap D [after Guilla and anatomist] : a condition of the hand resulting from the contracture of the fingers

dur \dʊˈ(ə)r/ *adj* [G, fr. natural, fr. L *b* + *durum*, *n* music] : MAJOR (C ~)

īdu-*ra* \dʊˈ(y)ʊrə/ *n* -S [by *du* *var* of DURA

du-*ra*-*bil*-i-*ty* \dʊˈ(y)ʊrəˈbi/ *n* -IES [by *du* *var* of DURA] : fr. MF *durabilitē*, fr. LL *d* + *urabile* + *-itāt*, *-itās* -it-*urabile*

du-*ra*-*ble* \dʊˈ(y)ʊrəbəl/ *a* -BLES [by *du* *var* of DURA] : to exist for a long time : abilities, or capabilities : STRONG (traditional contract... must be settled before goodwill that makes even (the ~ Michelangelo who rocks were gradually worn small body of ~ poetry — compare PERDURABLE

du-*ra*-*ble*-*ness* \dʊˈ(y)ʊrəbəl-*n* -ES : the DURABILITY

durables or durable goods *n* -ES [by *du* *var* of DURA] : producer goods (as house machinery) whose usefulness and is not consumed or de *hard goods*; sometimes *use* a mass market *durable* —

du-*ra*-*ble* \dʊˈ(y)ʊrəbəl/ *a* -BLES [by *du* *var* of DURA] : to exist for a long time : abilities, or capabilities : STRONG (traditional contract... must be settled before goodwill that makes even (the ~ Michelangelo who rocks were gradually worn small body of ~ poetry — compare PERDURABLE

du-*ra*-*ble*-*ness* \dʊˈ(y)ʊrəbəl-*n* -ES : the DURABILITY

durables or durable goods *n* -ES [by *du* *var* of DURA] : producer goods (as house machinery) whose usefulness and is not consumed or de *hard goods*; sometimes *use* a mass market *durable* —

du-*ra*-*ble* \dʊˈ(y)ʊrəbəl/ *a* -BLES [by *du* *var* of DURA] : to exist for a long time : abilities, or capabilities : STRONG (traditional contract... must be settled before goodwill that makes even (the ~ Michelangelo who rocks were gradually worn small body of ~ poetry — compare PERDURABLE

du-*ra*-*ble*-*ness* \dʊˈ(y)ʊrəbəl-*n* -ES : the DURABILITY

durables or durable goods *n* -ES [by *du* *var* of DURA] : producer goods (as house machinery) whose usefulness and is not consumed or de *hard goods*; sometimes *use* a mass market *durable* —

du-*ra*-*ble* \dʊˈ(y)ʊrəbəl/ *a* -BLES [by *du* *var* of DURA] : to exist for a long time : abilities, or capabilities : STRONG (traditional contract... must be settled before goodwill that makes even (the ~ Michelangelo who rocks were gradually worn small body of ~ poetry — compare PERDURABLE

du-*ra*-*ble*-*ness* \dʊˈ(y)ʊrəbəl-*n* -ES : the DURABILITY

durables or durable goods *n* -ES [by *du* *var* of DURA] : producer goods (as house machinery) whose usefulness and is not consumed or de *hard goods*; sometimes *use* a mass market *durable* —

du-*ra*-*ble* \dʊˈ(y)ʊrəbəl/ *a* -BLES [by *du* *var* of DURA] : to exist for a long time : abilities, or capabilities : STRONG (traditional contract... must be settled before goodwill that makes even (the ~ Michelangelo who rocks were gradually worn small body of ~ poetry — compare PERDURABLE

du-*ra*-*ble*-*ness* \dʊˈ(y)ʊrəbəl-*n* -ES : the DURABILITY

durables or durable goods *n* -ES [by *du* *var* of DURA] : producer goods (as house machinery) whose usefulness and is not consumed or de *hard goods*; sometimes *use* a mass market *durable* —

du-*ra*-*ble* \dʊˈ(y)ʊrəbəl/ *a* -BLES [by *du* *var* of DURA] : to exist for a long time : abilities, or capabilities : STRONG (traditional contract... must be settled before goodwill that makes even (the ~ Michelangelo who rocks were gradually worn small body of ~ poetry — compare PERDURABLE

du-*ra*-*ble*-*ness* \dʊˈ(y)ʊrəbəl-*n* -ES : the DURABILITY

durables or durable goods *n* -ES [by *du* *var* of DURA] : producer goods (as house machinery) whose usefulness and is not consumed or de *hard goods*; sometimes *use* a mass market *durable* —

du-*ra*-*ble* \dʊˈ(y)ʊrəbəl/ *a* -BLES [by *du* *var* of DURA] : to exist for a long time : abilities, or capabilities : STRONG (traditional contract... must be settled before goodwill that makes even (the ~ Michelangelo who rocks were gradually worn small body of ~ poetry — compare PERDURABLE

du-*ra*-*ble*-*ness* \dʊˈ(y)ʊrəbəl-*n* -ES : the DURABILITY

durables or durable goods *n* -ES [by *du* *var* of DURA] : producer goods (as house machinery) whose usefulness and is not consumed or de *hard goods*; sometimes *use* a mass market *durable* —

du-*ra*-*ble* \dʊˈ(y)ʊrəbəl/ *a* -BLES [by *du* *var* of DURA] : to exist for a long time : abilities, or capabilities : STRONG (traditional contract... must be settled before goodwill that makes even (the ~ Michelangelo who rocks were gradually worn small body of ~ poetry — compare PERDURABLE

du-*ra*-*ble*-*ness* \dʊˈ(y)ʊrəbəl-*n* -ES : the DURABILITY

durables or durable goods *n* -ES [by *du* *var* of DURA] : producer goods (as house machinery) whose usefulness and is not consumed or de *hard goods*; sometimes *use* a mass market *durable* —

du-*ra*-*ble* \dʊˈ(y)ʊrəbəl/ *a* -BLES [by *du* *var* of DURA] : to exist for a long time : abilities, or capabilities : STRONG (traditional contract... must be settled before goodwill that makes even (the ~ Michelangelo who rocks were gradually worn small body of ~ poetry — compare PERDURABLE

du-*ra*-*ble*-*ness* \dʊˈ(y)ʊrəbəl-*n* -ES : the DURABILITY

durables or durable goods *n* -ES [by *du* *var* of DURA] : producer goods (as house machinery) whose usefulness and is not consumed or de *hard goods*; sometimes *use* a mass market *durable* —

du-*ra*-*ble* \dʊˈ(y)ʊrəbəl/ *a* -BLES [by *du* *var* of DURA] : to exist for a long time : abilities, or capabilities : STRONG (traditional contract... must be settled before goodwill that makes even (the ~ Michelangelo who rocks were gradually worn small body of ~ poetry — compare PERDURABLE

du-*ra*-*ble*-*ness* \dʊˈ(y)ʊrəbəl-*n* -ES : the DURABILITY

durables or durable goods *n* -ES [by *du* *var* of DURA] : producer goods (as house machinery) whose usefulness and is not consumed or de *hard goods*; sometimes *use* a mass market *durable* —

du-*ra*-*ble* \dʊˈ(y)ʊrəbəl/ *a* -BLES [by *du* *var* of DURA] : to exist for a long time : abilities, or capabilities : STRONG (traditional contract... must be settled before goodwill that makes even (the ~ Michelangelo who rocks were gradually worn small body of ~ poetry — compare PERDURABLE

du-*ra*-*ble*-*ness* \dʊˈ(y)ʊrəbəl-*n* -ES : the DURABILITY

durables or durable goods *n* -ES [by *du* *var* of DURA] : producer goods (as house machinery) whose usefulness and is not consumed or de *hard goods*; sometimes *use* a mass market *durable* —

du-*ra*-*ble* \dʊˈ(y)ʊrəbəl/ *a* -BLES [by *du* *var* of DURA] : to exist for a long time : abilities, or capabilities : STRONG (traditional contract... must be settled before goodwill that makes even (the ~ Michelangelo who rocks were gradually worn small body of ~ poetry — compare PERDURABLE

du-*ra*-*ble*-*ness* \dʊˈ(y)ʊrəbəl-*n* -ES : the DURABILITY

durables or durable goods *n* -ES [by *du* *var* of DURA] : producer goods (as house machinery) whose usefulness and is not consumed or de *hard goods*; sometimes *use* a mass market *durable* —

du-*ra*-*ble* \dʊˈ(y)ʊrəbəl/ *a* -BLES [by *du* *var* of DURA] : to exist for a long time : abilities, or capabilities : STRONG (traditional contract... must be settled before goodwill that makes even (the ~ Michelangelo who rocks were gradually worn small body of ~ poetry — compare PERDURABLE

du-*ra*-*ble*-*ness* \dʊˈ(y)ʊrəbəl-*n* -ES : the DURABILITY

durables or durable goods *n* -ES [by *du* *var* of DURA] : producer goods (as house machinery) whose usefulness and is not consumed or de *hard goods*; sometimes *use* a mass market

[illegible][illegible]

durene + -yl] a univalent radical
durene; 2,3,5,6-tetramethyl-phenyl
n durzada or **durzedas** *see cap*
extending throughout Makran and
; a member of the Durzada people
of DARZI
dusk, **duške**, alter. of OE *dox*; akin to
yellow, OS *dosan* chestnut brown,
n *durzadā*, Mlr *doun dāk*, L *fusus* dark
sarara dust colored, L *jumus* smoke ~
the dim, ~ yard — Thomas Williams)
n turbans wreathed — John Milton)
when it grew ~) *syn see DARK*
DUSK *dušken*, *duskn*, fr. *dask*, *duške*,
~ dark (in the ~ing room — Walter
e dark or dim (a gray light ~ed the
2 : to darken in mood or spirit
fational formality ~ed by the saturnine
man Melville)
1 : the darker part of twilight or of
semidarkness caused by the shutting
of ancient tombs) (the ~ of the great
n of being dark or darkish in color
milken ~ of her tresses — Kay Rogers)
reaging a bluish gray that is redder and
r, redder, lighter, and stronger than
and deeper than puritan gray b : a
bluer and duller than slate, redder,
nger than charcoal, and blue and
lish blue to pale violet that is darker
e
dark n, chiefly South & Midland
adv : in a dusky manner • OBSCURELY
- \ n -ES : the quality or state of being
her dark or black ; partially obscured
rsk-ish-ness n-ES
dusk + -ly] : DUSKILY
: DUSKINESS
-ER/-EST [wharton] + -y] 1 : somewhat
thinness + BLACKISH ~ brown) (a ~
-ED Thwarton) 2 : having dark
person 2 : characterized by slight or
dark ; DIM (the room was already ~
switched on the light — Willa Cather)
n (Glasgow) 3 : GLOOMY, oppressive
face) 4 : not clear ; partially hidden
e winding corridors of literary history
ore — Newton Arvin) (the records of
y of — Carl Van Doren) *syn see DARK*
y color (a white bird barred with ~)
UCK a
--- n : an Australian water rat
grouse (*Dendragapus obscurus*) of the
U.S.
a dark color phase of the red-backed
ky salamander 2
of several common N. American
ders (genus *Desmognathus*) typically
dull browns or grayish black
k (*Carcharias obscurus*) of the No.
ab shark but darker
numerous skipper butterflies (genus
ings with inconspicuous patterns —
d-dorf or dus-sel-dorf \ˈdi:səl,dɔrf,
dorf [fr. Düsseldorf, Germany] 1 : of or
Düsseldorf, Germany : of the kind or style
DASSEIRA
n -s [Fr. fr. D. Dussert, 20th cent.]
F -ite] a mineral BaFe₃(AsO₄)₂
f hydrous basic arsenate of barium
-smə's'riə,də\ n pl, cap [NL, fr.
(fr. the name *Dassutina* + -ia), fr.
of marine fishes (order Isopod)] COM-
— see ETIMESM
trib [ME, fr. OE *dust*; akin to OHG
n, Dan *dyst* flour dust, Norw *dysja* to
Gk *thyen* to rage, seethe, sacrifice,
t, soul, Lith *dvasas* spirit, breath, Skt
to dust, L *fulvus* smoke — more at
alvized particles of earth or other
ced to minute portions ; fine pow-
er in the ~ of spring sandstorms —
oud of snow spray and snow ~ — Carl
c DUST b : meteoric dust c : GOLD
or ground food (aspargus, dipped in
A.H.E. Huff) d : a material (as an
used in a dry form resembling dust to
particles into which a thing disinte-
s of a body (as a human corpse) once
he ~ of many of those illustrious men
something that is left after the substance
ring up the ~ of things — Morehead
the beclouds or dulls (Yes, I know,
throw ~ in my eyes — Kathleen Free-
something for itself... by blowing out
ies the ~ of erudition and the stale
— Clive Bell) 3 : the mortal body of a
es of our proud and angry ~ are from
ail — E. Housman) a : something
ess, ~ — Shak.) b : a state of humilia-
tion ~ — Eden Phillpotts) 5 a : the
burial (for now shall I sleep in the ~
surface of the ground (he ralleit at me
ook off my hat, and there I laid him in
omment) ~ compare like the dust at bite
a small quantity (as of a fine or pow-
~ of flour) (a cherry sundae with a ~
Hugh MacLennan) 8 a : a cloud of
thin ~ rising from the hooves, went on
— H.V. Morton) b : confusion,
~ up what we will over "Imperial
ouch) c : DUSTUP 9 now dial : a
th) (to touch a ~ of England's ground
cheepings or other refuse ready for col-
ible brown that is lighter than drab,
paler and slightly redder than orange
so antelope 12 along dust = FLOUR
: with dust and ashes put on the head
niliation 2 : with repentance and sor-
ashes
s [ME *dustyn*, fr. *dust*, a.] vt 1 a : to
reduce to a fine powder ; LEVIGATE
ry soil with dust 3 : to sweep away
r sweep away dust from (~ the table)
b : to brush away like dust (~ed the
Meridel Le Sueur) c : to prepare to
renovate for use (something that has



a: a period specified or implied from others (a ~ to laugh; a ~ n, and a ~ to dance
~**4** (AV)) (Saturday evenings, traditional shopping expeditions and farmers —*Amer. Guide Series*: N.H.)
~**er** before the storm broke) (there is no ~ here to which these errors are planning were written by —*Amer. Guide Series*: N.Y.) (2) LEISURE (there was poetic sports and private reading —Lucien Price) (as music as he has ~ to listen to —*Report*: (Canadian) Commission on Nat'l Development) (3) the length of time required for or consumed in performing an action (the winner's ~ was just under four hours)
the ~ of the train trip was two hours) (**4**) slang winning favor or sexual acceptance (two guys tried to ~ around the women —Russell Thacher)
trying to make ~ with his secretary —Bennett (Suff.) (5) the segment of the radio or television broadcasting program of the first to insist on the sale of radio ~ for both controversial issue —C.C.Barry) **2 a**: a point or even something occurs : the moment of an event, condition ; OCCASION (we were not twenty yards back, at the ~ that the ship passed abreast of us) (6) (from that ~ since we had his tennis in our patron —*Current Biog.*) **b**: an opportune, convenient suitable moment or period : a favorable opportunity (bidding his ~) (the ~ has come to sift and the findings of these works —Julian Towster)
him any sense of ~s and occasions as a decision aids him —L.P.Smith) **3**: an appointed, fixed, or moment or hour for something to happen, begin, or g came ahead of ~ this year) (a half-hour before —William DuBois) as **a**: the normal or expected period of death (you'll die before your ~) J. ~: the normal end of the period of gestation : the moment of childbirth (when her ~ has come, counted on, she betakes herself to a special little hut built for her departure (asked for the ~ of the next northbound ~) (the legally fixed closing hour of a public house or period associated with or charged with a particular individual (lived in the ~ of Elizabeth the most popular writers of his ~) **b** (1): an historical AGE, ERA (a fast moving ~ such as we are now in letter) (geography could not fail to share in the social advances of the ~ —Benjamin Farrington) (2) (in ancient ~) (modern ~) (3) a designation of chronology **c**: conditions prevalent at present or in or implied period of the past : state of things (the joint —Shak.) —usu. used in pl. (refused to follow the ~s —Gerard MacGowan) (behind the ~s) (the ~ d) : the present time use with the ~s : the important issues of the ~ —Brand Blanton known, fixed, or anticipated period of existence as **a**: LIFETIME (one man in his ~ plays many b) : a period of apprenticeship (apprentices year of their ~ —John Southward) **c**: a term of service (had been enlisted for a short term only, and ended ~ of December, ~ would have served their ~) **d**: a prison sentence (did ~ for lying about accounts —P.F.Healy) **6 a**: SEASON (that ~ of mayst in me behold —Shak.) (it's very hot for this ~) **b**: a point or portion of a day or year recurring ly or established by routine —usu. used in pl. (vacation-time) (rest-time) (examination-time) (vacation- a ~: a unit of duration as a basis for poetic meter; a ~: rate of speed (as in marching, dancing, TEMPO (the woman dances regular ~ to the music or Brossard) (did this in slow ~, talking and laughter —H.V.Morton) **c** (1): the grouping of the rhythmic beats or pulses as represented by a musical line according to the position of the principal accER, RHYTHM (2): the rate or tempo at which a piece ac fixed **8 a**: a definite moment, hour, day, or year as or fixed by a clock or calendar : a precise instant or ~ has no midnight) (we do not know the exact ~ of his that ~ is it) **b** (1): a number that represents the of a process or condition or the interval elapsing between events and that is obtained in effect by counting arbitrarily chosen regularly recurrent events (as the pendulum) that take place during the interval (see (2) a number (as on a clock dial or calendar) marks the occurrence of a specified event as to hour or that is obtained by counting from a fiducial epoch as a meridian passage of the sun or the birth of Christ) timing of time : a system of reckoning the lapse or of time —see SIDEREAL TIME, SOLAR TIME, STANARD TIME : one of a series of recurrence or repeated actions (he took the stairs four at a ~ —Phoenix machine that can perform three operations at a ~) that many ~s) **b** times pl (1): multiplied instances (greater) (2): equal fractional parts of which an individual equal a comparatively greater quantity (seven ~) (three ~s closer) **c** TURBULENCE (two his out of at bat) **10 a**: finite duration : the duration of one's material universe as contrasted with infinite duration takes survey of all the world, must have a stop **b**: FATHER TIME **11 a** Platonism : a reality that is an flowing apart from the events filling it **b** Aristotelianism : a view of motion : the idea that there are numerous aspects of inner sense that have no existence ntly of the mind and are a subjective mode in which a appear — see OBJECTIVE TIME, SUBJECTIVE TIME person's experience during a specified period or on a occasion (have the ~ of their lives putting on the ~ —Louise Gerdis) (a good ~) hard ~) **c** a ~ (from a glass in one hand, milk from a glass in the ~) (had a ~ with them; couldn't figure any way m out —W.L.Gresham) **c** slang : CAROUSAL, SPREE might he will be put on a ~ —Ernest Hemingway) e hours and days given to or devoted to a thing (he ~s as an hour) (paid him straight ~ for his overtime : amount of pay due esp. according to an hourly if : a final payment of wages due (any cowboy who ve over the head or spurred one in the shoulders was ~ —Ross Santee) (asked for his ~ laid it down in understanding and was straightened out —E.C. Helena Smith) **14**: the shutter setting on a camera for a time exposure **15 a**: a official suspension of play game or contest (the umpire called ~) **b**: a temporary stopping of the clock during a game or portion (as basketball or football) scheduled to end after a number of minutes of play still see OPPORTUNITY same time : HOWEVER, NEVERTHELESS (this frigateure, querulous man ... must at the same time the qualities of authority and command —Arthur ~ at times adv : at intervals : now and then (~at times ~ as he tosses restlessly) —for the time being

natural logarithms); *specific* : the ratio of the inductance of a circuit in henries to its resistance in ohms 2 : the relaxation time in the discharge of a capacitor that is equal to the product of the resistance in ohms of the discharging circuit and the capacity in farads of the condenser

time-consuming /'taɪm-ɪn-'kɒnɪŋ/ *adj* using or taking up a great time of time (The development of young clone selections from such seedling material had proved to be rather *time-consuming* —*Farmer's Weekly* (So. Africa)) 2 : wasteful of time (efforts to block legislation may take the form of speech-making, roll-calls, and other *time-consuming* tactics —W.S.Sayre)

time-copy /'taɪm-'kɒpi/ *n* a copy usu. set in type beforehand that can be used at any time

timed /tɪm-/ *adj* [fr. past part. of *time*] 1 : made to occur at or in a set time (a ~ explosion) (a ~ examination) 2 : done or taking place at a time of a specified sort (a poorly ~ speech) (a propitiously ~ proposal) (*tilt-timed*)

time deposit /'taɪm-'dɛpɪt/ *n* a deposit in a specified number of days after deposit or after receipt by the bank of notice of withdrawal and considered by federal regulations as being any deposit payable after 30 days or after 30 days' notice

time depth n : a period of time during which a culture, language, or group of languages has been undergoing independent general development (a language with a *time depth* of 5000 years)

timed fire n : target firing in which a given number of rounds are fired within a particular time limit

time draft n : a draft payable a specified number of days after the date of the draft or presentation to the drawee

time error n : a systematic error in the comparison of magnitudes resulting from the fact that one magnitude follows the other in time

time-expired /'taɪm-'ɪkspɪəd/ *adj* having completed a term of enlistment or military service (fifteen hundred *time-expired* veterans were discharged by the War Department —Robert Graves)

time exposure n 1 : exposure of a photographic film for a definite time that is usu. more than one half second 2 : a photograph taken by time exposure

time fire n : artillery fire in which the projectile bursts or is intended to burst in air

time freight /'taɪm-'freɪt/ *n* freight for movement on regularly scheduled trains providing expedited service and a guaranteed time of delivery; also : a train for handling such freight

time-full /'taɪm-fʊl/ *adj* [ME, fr. *time* + *-full*] *archaic* : SEASONABLE, TIMELY — *time-ful* vs. *-fale* *adv*

time fuse n : a fuse that detonates a bursting charge after a definite time

time hit n : a hit made by a time thrust

time-honored /'taɪm-'hɒnəd/ *adj* 1 : honored or entitled to honor because of age or long usage (a deep respect for *time-honored* institutions —*New Republic*) 2 : long established (begun during the time-honored tradition of the traditional holders of authority —*Walden*) (*a time-honored phrase*)

time immemorial n 1 a : a time beyond legal memory formerly fixed by English law as the beginning of the reign of Richard I in 1189 but modified in common law by various prescription acts b : a time going back beyond the memory of any person living 2 : time so long past as to be beyond the memory of any tradition (I find no record of a *time immemorial* have dealt with such offenses on the spot —R.H.Jackson)

timekeeper /'taɪm-'ki:pə/ *n* : one that keeps, measures, regulates, or determines the time; as : TIMEPIECE b : one who keeps records of the time worked by employees (as for use in making up a payroll) (time applied to the timekeeper —*nothing on dry land*) (the points of the lapel time in a race game, or contest)

timekeeping /'taɪm-'ki:pɪŋ/ *n* : the act, function, or process of keeping time

time killer n 1 : one who kills time : a person with time on his hands (the reading room held many students, as well as a few *time killers*) 2 : something that passes the time : diversion (made the experience full and memorable, made it an experience instead of a *time killer* —J.M.Barzun)

time killing n : the act or action of killing time

time lag n 1 : an interval of time between two related phenomena (as a cause and its effect) (*the time lag* between the discovery of a scientific principle and its application —*Lamp*) 2 : CULTURAL LAG (have effected a singular *time lag*, in bringing to the problems of today and tomorrow the elements of yesterday's thinking —Sidney Wallach)

time-lapse /'taɪm-'læps/ *adj* [fr. the n. *time lapse*] : of, relating to, or constituting a motion picture taken at a speed slower than normal and projected at a speed so that its subject (as a slow action as the opening of a flower bud) appears to be speeded up — STOP-MOTION

time-less /'taɪm-ləs/ *adj* [*time* + *-less*] 1 *archaic* : PREMATURE, UNTIMELY (a pack of sorrows which would press you down . . . to your ~ grave —Shak.) 2 a : having no beginning or end : ETERNAL, INFINITE (the ~ present) b : continuing, continuing, and cancel the gusty war for survival which continues ceaselessly in a ~ night and seasonless year —F.G.Kay) b : not restricted to a particular time or date : DATELESS (much of what seems contemporary in popular fiction is fairly ~ —W.H.White) (criticize him from the perspective of some ~ realist —D.R. May) c : of those people who sometimes looked younger as they grew older (J.P. Marquand) — *time-lessly* *adv* — *time-less-ness* *n* -ES

timeless /'taɪm-ləs/ *adv*, *archaic* : TIMELESSLY

tim-e-li-ide /'taɪm-'li:deɪ/ [NL, fr. *Timelia*, genus of babblers (prob. fr. native name in India) + *-idae*] *syn* of TIMALIN

time limit n : a fixed period for doing or ending something; *specific* : a fixed amount of time allowed for a test with the object of measuring the amount of work an individual can accomplish in such time — contrasted with *amount limit*

time-li-ness /'taɪm-lɪ-nəs/ *n* -ES : the quality or state of being timely

time loan n : a loan with a definite maturity date — compare *CALL-LOAN*

time lock n : a lock controlled by clockwork to prevent its being unlocked before a set time

time-ly /'taɪm-'li/ *adj* [ME *timeliche*, *timely*, fr. OE *timlice*, fr. *tim* 'time' + *-lice* 'adjective' *archaic* : EARLY, SOON (he did command me to call ~ on him —Shak.) 2 : in time : OPPORTUNE, SEASONABLY (the present action was ~ brought within two years after his appointment —R.W.Starr)

time-ly /'taɪm-'li/ *adv* [EN, *timely*, fr. *time* + *-ly*, *adv* suffix] 1 a : done or occurring at a suitable time (the patient was ~ brought to the hospital) b : occurring at a normal or expected time (I love my habits, the ~ routine and oscillation of the hours —L.P.Smith) c : falling within the time prescribed by law or contract (the plaintiff filed a ~ claim for refund —T.M.Madden) d : appropriate to the times or the occasion (a ~ remark) e : served effectively as fire extinguisher —*Amer. Guide Series*: VI.) 2 *archaic* : ADVANCE, EARLY (I know that he will presently be summoned . . . I have ~ information —Charles Dickens) *syn* see SEASONABLE

time money n : money loaned or ready to be loaned for a set period of time

time-motion study *var* of TIME and MOTION STUDY

time-mo-guy /'taɪm-'mɒ-gi/ *n* -ES [prob. fr. *F* *time* tiller, helm + *E* *guy* — more at TIMONER] : a rope stretched taut from a projecting obstacle to prevent rigging from chafing or fouling

time note n : a note payable at a specified time — compare *DEMAND NOTE*

time of day 1 a : the time as indicated by the clock (asked him *time of day* it was) b : the present time (it is unnecessary at *this time of day* to argue that the world is round) 2 a : the state of the case : the true situation (he's been here long enough to know the *time of day*) b : the latest fashion (has long set the *time of day* in . . . champagnes —*New Yorker*)

Africa) — time-busily adv
usher \ˈʊʃər\ n : usu., brief succession or activity or work-
BREAK, INTERMISSION <his eldest son died and he took time
to recover from the shock —Newsweek> **2** : a brief
of suspension of play declared by an official in any of
ous organized sports (as for rest of players, treatment of an
official's conduct) —*see also* **TIMEOUT**
of mind [ME]; TIME IMMEMORIAL
vizier \vɪˈzɪər\ n : an instrument (as a clock or watch) for
asuring time; esp : one that has no striking or chiming
anism
calculator n, obs : TIMESERVER
policy n : a marine insurance policy covering property
a specified period (as a year)
racer \ˈtɪmə(r)-r\ n-s [*tɪmɪe + -er*] **1** : one that measures,
der, or regulates time as **a**: **TIMEPICEE**; esp : a stopwatch
timing races or contests **b**: **TIMEKEEPER** **c**: a device in
an irrigation system of an irrigator that automatically
uses the spark to be produced in the cylinder at the correct
either by the interruption or by the closing of the primary
circuit — compare **DISTRIBUTOR** **d**: one who determines the
osure time to be used to obtain a satisfactory print of each
of a motion-picture negative **e**: one who corrects the
times of timepieces (**1**, **2**) **f**: a device (as a clock) that
icates by means of an audible signal the end of the interval
time for which it is set (**2**) **g**: a device for automatically
starting or stopping a machine or other device at a given
or for automatically controlling the operating interval
(**1**, **2**) **h**: **TIMEKEEPING** **i**: one that does or serves in or for a specified
ship time (as first in this office) **j**: one that has a specified rela-
tionship to time (young-timers hep to the special needs of the
day season —adv)

rating n : the length of time a worker can carry a load
under the specified conditions of load and temperature rise
ing exceeded
recorder n : **TIME CLOCK**
ses (\ˌtɪmjz) prep [ME, fr. pl. of *timē]: multiplied by
o two is four
ses (\ˌtɪmjz) adv [fr. pl. of *timē] dial Eng.: many times
REQUENTLY
-server \-sərvər\ n : something that saves time
savvy \ˈsavi\ adj : intended or serving to expedite some-
(a ~ device)
scale n : an arrangement of events used as a measure of
relative or absolute duration or antiquity of a period of
ory or geologic or cosmic time (>> on the time scale of
existence seems a flash in the pan —Times Lit. Supp.)
sense n : an ability to feel the lapse of time and to esti-
and compare intervals esp. of short duration
series n : a frequency distribution in which time is the
dependent variable
shaper \ˈʃeɪ-pər\ n : one that shapes his behavior and ideas
it the dominant pattern of his times or environment or to
ase his superiors ; TEMPORIZER (was in matters of principle
erently shifty, an opportunist and a ~—S.H.Adams)
service n : the determination and announcement of the
me time conducted as a part of the work of an
onomical observatory, usually based on transit observa-
stars, and announced mainly by telegraphic and radio
als — compare **TIME SIGNAL**
servicing \ˈsɜrvɪŋ\ n : the behavior or practice of a timer-
(er discourages energy and initiative in public office, and
K.Caldwell)
servicing \-dʒɪŋ\ adj : marked by or revealing a lack of indepen-
ence or integrity ; TEMPORIZING (a mean, ~ little man,
welling obviously before the wealthy people in the district
ter Foster) (~ we cannot afford a ~ tameness —Times Lit.
p.)
sheet n : time-serving-ingness n -es
sheet n : a sheet for recording the time of arrival and
arture of workers and for recording the amount of time
at on each job **2** : a sheet for summarizing hours worked
each worker during a pay period
shift \ʃɪft\ n : a narrative method (as in a novel) that
ts back and forth in time from past to present instead of
strict chronological sequence
sight n **1** : a set of observations for the determination of
that are usu. made with a transit instrument **2** : an obser-
ation by sextant of the altitude of a heavenly body to deter-
longitude by comparing the local time with Greenwich
signal n : a signal indicating an exact instant of time that
ent by telegraph or radio to regulate timepieces
signature n **1** : a fraction that has a denominator indi-
ng the kind of note (as a quarter note) taken as the time
for the beat and a numerator indicating the number of
re to the measure and that is placed at the beginning of a
omposition, movement, or section just after the key
ature or at any point at which the meter changes to indi-
te the meter **2** : a symbol used to indicate the meter of a
tical composition — compare % l
spirit n [trans. of G zeitgeist]: ZEITGEIST
stamp n : a clock-actuated device for recording time;
ly : one that according to date and time of day that letters
papers are received or sent out
stratigraphic \ˌstri:tə'græfɪk\ adj : cf. relating to, or con-
ting rocks deposited during a specified time regardless of
composition, fossil content, or conditions of origin
study n : TIME AND MOTION STUDY
switch n : an electric switch that automatically operates
set time
table \ˈteɪ-bl̩\ n **1** : printed table showing times of de-
ure and arrival (as of trains, buses, airplanes) from and
cheduled stopping points between two terminuses **2** :
chedule or plan listing or indicating the sequence in which
events are to occur or be done and determining the approxi-
ate time of each (a ~ that pinpoints the start and finish of each
this year's 13 events down to the minute —Newsweek)
etermined resistance upset the ~ which had been set for the
ituation —H.L.Merrillat> **3** : a table showing the time value
iminished duration of the various musical notes
thrust n : a counterattack in fencing executed against
arriving in advance of the opponent's attack — compare
THRUST
ticket n : TIME CARD **2**
train n : a train of wheels that drives the balance and
perment of a timepiece
value n **1a** : value measured by hours of labor **b** : value
the date of receipt of goods or maturity of obligations
the relative duration exp. of a musical note, tone, or rest
work \ˈvæl-v\ n : work paid for at a standard rate for the
or the day — compare PIECEWORK
worker \ˈvæl-wər\ n : a worker engaged on timework
worn \ˈvɔrn\ adj : **1** : worn or impaired by time (his graceful,
nished, and planted trees were all ~—A.Greeley)
(zx) **2a** : AGE-OLD, ANCIENT (based on ~ procedures and
olocated experience of the ages —F.C.Neff) **b** : HACK-
DLE, STALE (a ~ joke) (a ~ expression)
zone n : one of 24 longitudinal zones into which the
ld has been divided for establishing a regular sequence of
ange in time such as each hour of daylight and night which
ave as standard time throughout its area the time of
entral meridians except where variations to maintain
onal or local uniformity are necessary
d \ˈtɪmdəd\ adj. usu. RR-/EST [*L tīmidus, fr. timēre* to be
d, fear] **1** : lacking in courage or self-confidence ; easily
nted or drawn away (~ silent, retreating under opprobrium
Green)> **2** : a person who would rather remain miserable
do anything unusual —Bertrand Russell> **2a** : marked
or revealing a lack of boldness or determination (a ~
y) (a ~ look) (their ~ love of established ways —V.L.
ington) **b** : HESITANT, TENTATIVE (this intellectual life
~, cautious and derivative —Van Wyck Brooks) (<the

rājə'nəs\ *adj* [ISV
g in urine (~ sal
ə'glənə\ *n, cap* [
— more at GLEN
tes (order Chrys
viduals united i
s
yurə'gəm(p)fəs\
ur- + *L gomphus*
— more at COMB)
gram\ *n* ['ur- +
hy

te \yø'rästəjīt\
²ur- + -stege +
 a snake
 \-ē\ [NL, fr. ²u
 back of the lophos
 [te] : the sternite
 relating to a uro
 [le] 1 : a long roo
 ber of fused verte
 ebral column of f

Sp, fr. Guaraní (*Surundeuya*) of the southern So. Am variety of purpose Gmc origin; akin to an extinct large German forest cattle
a comb form [NL] (such) a tail - *urus*) (*Saururus*)
1: LACQUER

United States Army U.S. and California